Claims

[32] Claim 1 is a method for continuous distribution of electrical energy offering physical isolation and dielectric insulation between input power sources and output power loads wherein

[33] energy from an input device or a plurality of input devices is applied to a torque converter or a plurality of torque converters which continuously move a dielectric transfer medium

[34] with said dielectric transfer medium traveling through a dielectric conduit or a plurality of dielectric conduits connected to a remote torque converter or plurality of remote torque converters and

[35] with said remote torque converters being attached to an electrical generating device or a plurality of electrical generating devices each providing electrical power.

[36] Claim 2 is a method for continuous distribution of electrical energy offering physical isolation and dielectric insulation between input power sources and output power loads wherein

[37] energy from an input device or a plurality of input devices is applied to a torque converter or a plurality of torque converters which continuously move a dielectric transfer medium

[38] with said dielectric transfer medium traveling through convenient segments of dielectric and non-dielectric conduits or a plurality of convenient segments of dielectric and non-dielectric conduits connected to a remote torque converter or plurality of remote torque converters and

[39] with said remote torque converters being attached to an electrical generating device or a plurality of electrical generating devices each providing electrical power.

[40] Claim 3 is a method for continuous distribution of electrical energy offering physical isolation and dielectric insulation between input power sources and output power loads wherein

[41] energy from an input device or a plurality of input devices is applied to a torque converter or a plurality of torque converters which continuously create low pressure environments inside convenient segments of dielectric and non-dielectric conduits or a plurality of convenient segments of dielectric and non-dielectric conduits

[42] with said low pressure environment attracting ambient air from a dielectrically protected enclosure through a remote torque converter or plurality of remote torque converters and

[43] with said remote torque converters being attached to an electrical generating device or a plurality of electrical generating devices each providing electrical power.